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THE PRESIDENT'S INTELLIGENCE REVIEW

ISSUED BY THE
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

28 - 30 OCTOBER 1964

~~TOP SECRET~~

30 October 1964

1. South Vietnam: Huong has been designated premier. Vien is to be his deputy.

Negotiations on the cabinet are apparently still in progress. Khanh will be armed forces commander in chief.

Ambassador Taylor believes this team is about the best we could have expected to obtain and should be able to work with the military.

General Minh seems slated for a sinecure, possibly as "supreme counsellor" to Suu.

2. Congo: The danger besetting the Americans and Belgians held hostage by the rebels in Stanleyville has increased.

[redacted] the rebels can no longer guarantee the safety of citizens of all countries that are aiding Tshombé.

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This suggests that whatever restraining influence Gbenye has been wielding over "general" Olenga and other rebel cutthroats is at an end. There has all along been serious doubt that the rebel leaders could restrain their followers.

(Cont'd)

In retaliation for an air strike at Boende, which has recently been retaken by the government, three European hostages were murdered before government ground forces could reach the scene.

3. Sudan: The new cabinet includes several Communists, one of whom is a central committee member. It is not yet definite which ministries they will control.

These people have prevailed over what seems to have been strenuous opposition from more moderate groups. The dominant role they have carved out for themselves will not go down well with some of the military, who probably are already studying what counteraction to take.

About the only concession made to the military in the new set up is the retention of General Abboud as titular head of state and director of military affairs.

Although the civilians have temporarily won out, it should be recalled that they are deeply and bitterly divided on all points except opposition to the military.

4. France-UN:

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5. West Germany - Israel: The West Germans have now publicly confirmed that they have a military aid agreement with Israel and have been helping the Israelis in the atomic energy field.

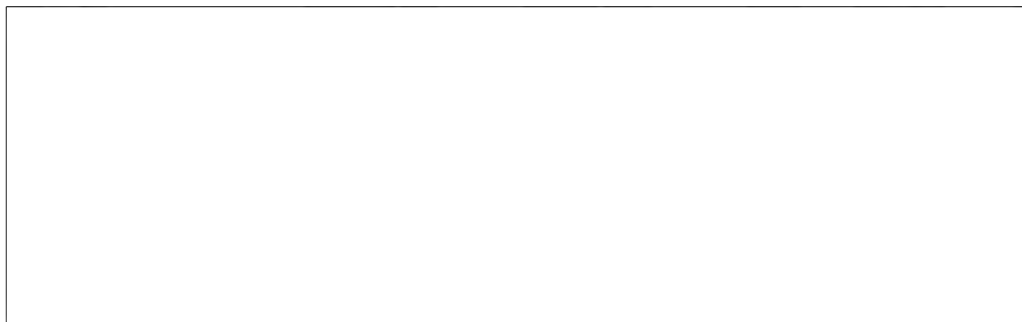
Both programs are of several years' standing and have been surfaced now in an effort to counteract Israel's campaign against German scientists serving the UAR.

6. France-MLF: Ambassador Bohlen believes all indications point to a French program of vigorous opposition to the conclusion of any MLF agreement. Paris is already trying to dissuade the West Germans from joining.

[redacted] the MLF would tend to limit cooperation under the French-German treaty and isolate Germany from other European countries as well as France if it began as a bilateral US-German venture.

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7. Cambodia: Sihanouk remains in a state of mind so belligerent as to seem theatrical. He has been saying he no longer cares whether there are violent demonstrations against the US Embassy, and will not try to restrain his angry public.



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8. Laos: The military situation is generally quiet.

The spurt in Communist truck convoy activity, which began in September, continues. Over 200 trucks were observed moving west along Route 7 toward the Plaine des Jarres during the past week. There was one convoy of 90 trucks.

So far, we see no firm indications of an imminent enemy attack.

9. Communist China: [REDACTED] 50X1
[REDACTED] 50X1
[REDACTED] another nuclear test, "much larger" 50X1
than the first one, is scheduled for next March.

[REDACTED] 50X1

If the Chinese do indeed have a second test in the works. [REDACTED] 50X1

[REDACTED] 50X1
[REDACTED] They may 50X1
also want to lessen the damage it might do to them at the second "Bandung" conference scheduled for Algiers next spring.

The prediction that the next shot will be larger suggests Chinese confidence in improving their next device, possibly by using both plutonium and U-235. By next March, both materials could be available in sufficient quantity.

10. USSR: It is beginning to look as if the new leaders in Moscow will persist with the meeting of Communist parties scheduled for 15 December.

[REDACTED] 50X1

(Cont'd)

[redacted] Moscow can hardly find appetizing the prospect of canceling or even postponing the meeting, which Khrushchev laid on with so much fanfare. The Chinese would surely play such action as a major Soviet defeat.

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11. East Germany: Ulbricht's party is apparently having trouble adjusting to the recent changes in Moscow.

Although the politburo issued a qualified endorsement of the Moscow shift on 17 October and was to meet again on 26 October, no public announcement has resulted. A central committee meeting may have taken place on Thursday.

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[redacted]

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- 12 Cuba: The shift from island-wide SAM coverage to point coverage is nearing completion. We expect the last sites to be relocated, those in the eastern part of the island, will be moved [redacted]

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The advantage of the new set-up is that it will improve the Cubans' ability to handle multiple targets over the main military and urban centers.

13. UN Arrearages: There is an increasing disposition to put this problem on ice. One of the Soviets attached to the UN Secretariat, for example, has suggested private US-USSR talks on the matter over several months.

Several of the nonaligned governments are planning to move for adjournment of the assembly session if the arrears problem has not been settled by opening day.

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14. Bolivia: The police and militia have put down the student rioters in La Paz, at least for the moment. Serious unrest, nevertheless, persists there and elsewhere. How much is hard to say.

The tin miners apparently are sticking to their strike threat, although there is no late word on the situation in the interior.

In a broadcast early this morning, Paz said he will not resign.

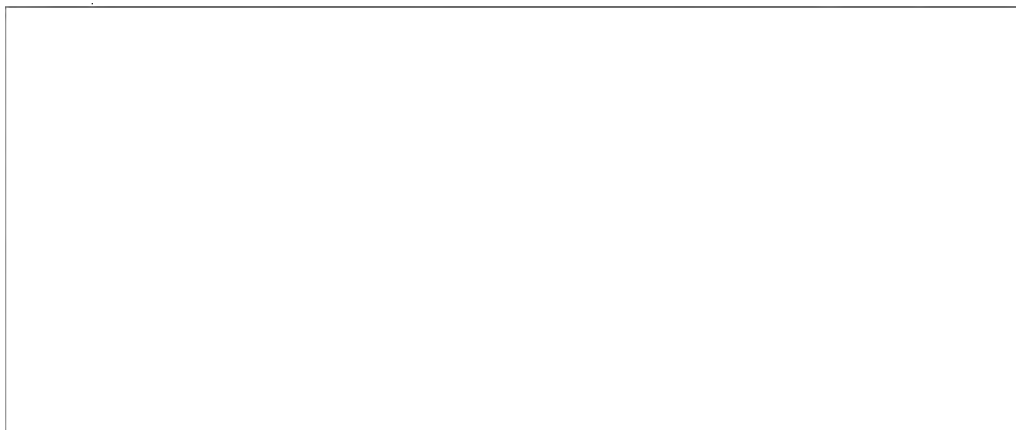
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We still believe Paz will weather this storm, provided the military stay with him.

TOP SECRET

Communist China: [] Mission [] 1
showed a 70-foot missile erected at one of the
pads at the Shuangchengtzu missile test center
[]

Mission [] 2 showed that it had either
been fired or removed []. The mis-
sile was missing, but propellant vehicles and
an erector were grouped on the pad in a manner
similar to that which we have noted at Kapustin
Yar during Soviet MRBM exercises.



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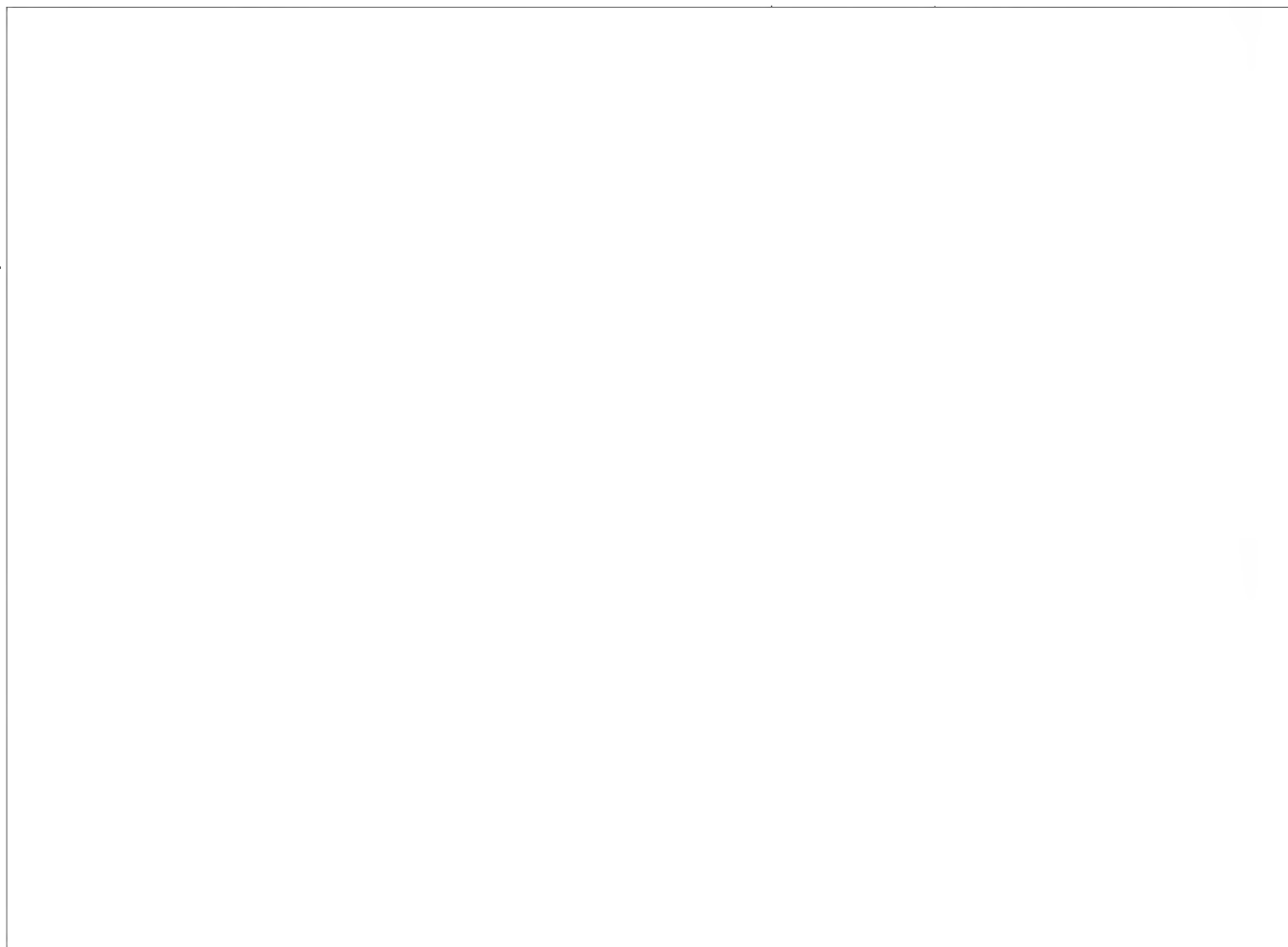
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*version sent from White
House to President @ Ranch*

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